15115 PORPHYRITIC SUBOPHITIC QUARTZ-NORMATIVE ST. 2 4.0 g MARE BASALT

<u>INTRODUCTION</u>: 15115 is a coarse quartz-normative mare basalt (Fig. 1) with conspicuous yellow-green pyroxene phenocrysts. It is tough and angular, with a few vugs and no zap pits. It was collected as part of the rake sample 5 m east of the boulder at Station 2 (see Figure 15105-2).



Figure 1. Post-split view of 15115,0. S-77-22585

<u>PETROLOGY</u>: 15115 is coarse-grained with a gabbroic texture similar to 15116 and 15117, although the thin sections lack the coarse phenocrysts typical of the quartz-normative mare basalts (Fig. 2). Macroscopically such phenocrysts appear to be present (Fig. 1). Plagioclases are more-or-less equant and commonly enclose single small pyroxene crystals (Ma et al., 1978). Trace amounts of olivine are present.



Figure 2. Photomicrograph of 15115,3. Cross polarizers. Width about 1.25 mm.

<u>CHEMISTRY</u>: The analysis of Ma et al. (1978) is listed in Table 1; rare earths are shown in Figure 3. The low MgO, FeO, and TiO₂ and the high rare-earth abundances suggest that this basalt is a member of the quartz-normative group.

<u>PHYSICAL PROPERTIES</u>: Gose et al. (1972) and Pearce et al. (1973) using a Deveko cryogenic magnetometer, found a natural remanent magnetism intensity of 7.2×10^{-6} emu/g for the sample, typical of Apollo 15 mare basalts.

<u>PROCESSING AND SUBDIVISIONS</u>: 15115 was chipped to produce ,1 from which the thin section ,3 and the chemical analysis was made.



Figure 3. Rare earths in 15115,1.

TABLE 15115-1. Chemical analysis



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